

# Rapid Soil Classification and Integration of Soil Characteristics for UXO Site Characterization and Risk Assessment

MR21-1265

Adrian Rodriguez-Marek

Virginia Tech

**In-Progress Review Meeting** 

14 August 2024

# **Project Team**



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Nina Stark
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Kelly
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# **Bottom Line Up Front**

- An algorithm has been developed to rapidly classify seafloor sediments from portable free fall penetrometer (PFFP) testing.
- A machine learning algorithm (XGBoost) relates PFFP data to erodibility classes.
- Geoacoustic data from high-frequency side scan sonar and from low-frequency CHIRP sonar were inverted and correlated to geotechnical properties.
- Correlations between biogenic seabed activity and geotechnical properties as measured by PFFP are being advanced by three field data collection efforts focused on simultaneous and accurately co-located infauna characterization and PFFP deployments.



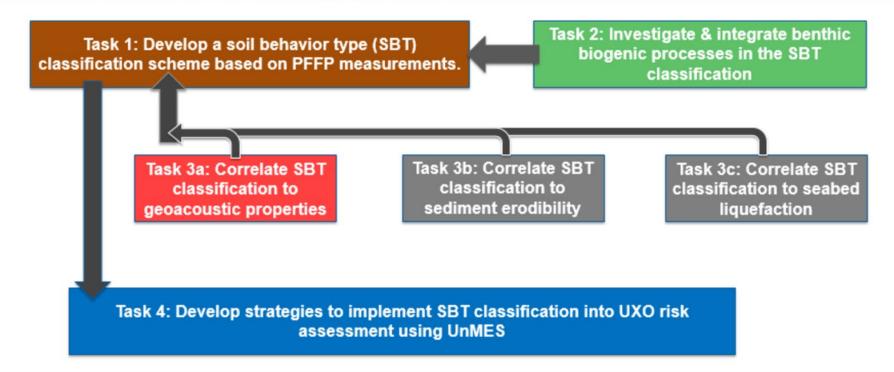
# **Technical Objective**

# Develop a rapid and integrative geotechnical site characterization strategy to assist with UXO detection, risk assessment, management, and remediation.

- Develop a soil behavior classification scheme based on portable free fall penetrometer measurements;
- Identify effects of benthic biogenic processes on geotechnical soil properties and integrate these effects in the soil classification scheme;
- Identify and quantify the impacts of the different soil classes on acoustic UXO detection and classification methods, on erodibility estimates, and on susceptibility to soil liquefaction processes;
- Develop strategies to implement the effects of soil classes into UXO risk assessment with UnMES.



# **Technical Approach**





 Task 1: Develop a SBT classification scheme based on PFFP measurements.



Date: 05/23/2025

Manuscript #: GTENG-13486R2

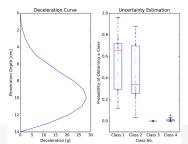
Manuscript Title: PROBABILISTIC CLASSIFICATION OF NEAR-SURFACE

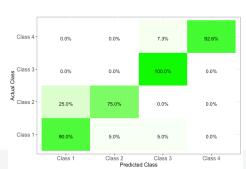
SHALLOW-WATER SEDIMENTS USING A PORTABLE FREE-FALL

PENETROMETER

Authors: Md Rejwanur Rahman; Adrian Rodriguez-Marek; Nina Stark; Grace

Massey; Carl Friedrichs; Kelly Dorgan



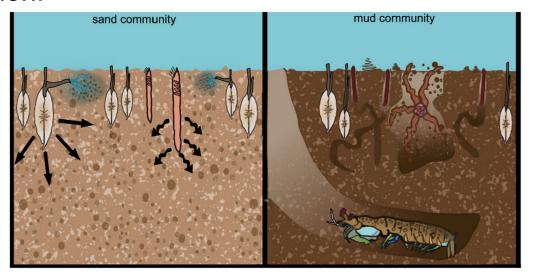






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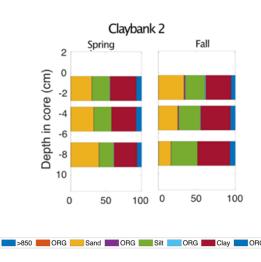
 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification.



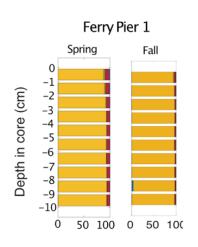
Stark et al. (2024)



 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 1: York River, VA



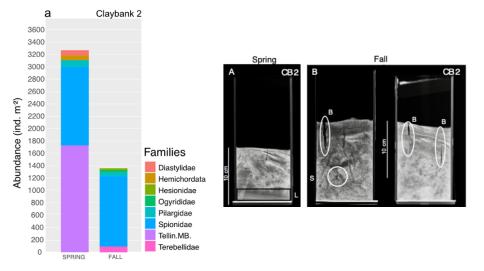


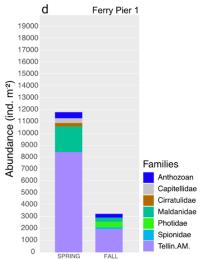


Cox et al. (in review)



 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 1: York River, VA

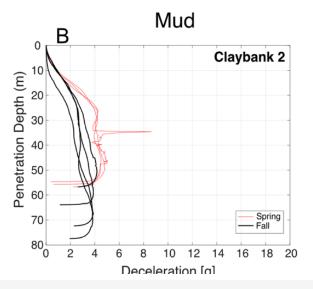


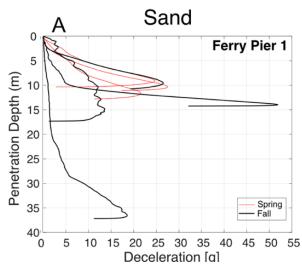


Cox et al. (in review)



 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 1: York River, VA



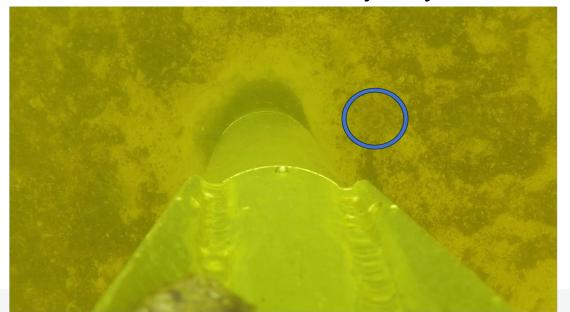


Infauna abundance impacts on geomechanical properties: impact can be temporally offset and spatially sporadic.

Cox et al. (in review)



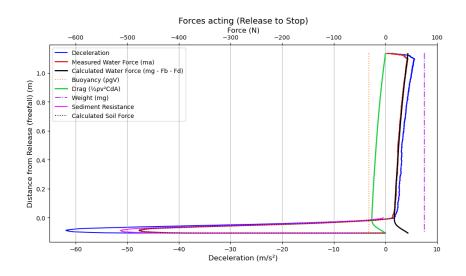
 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 2: Sydney, NS, CAN



Tube-building anemone (*Cerianthus* sp.)

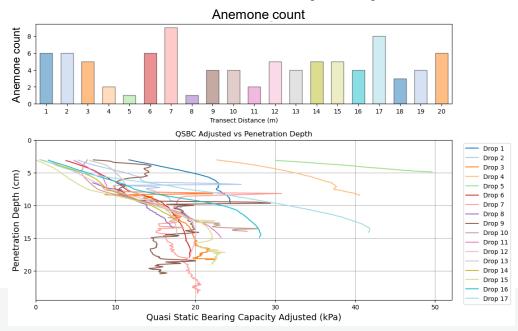


- Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 2: Sydney, NS, CAN
  - PFFP deployments and infauna counts/collects were performed by divers along co-located transects and simultaneously
  - Data processing of diver deployments required additional data quality control and processing



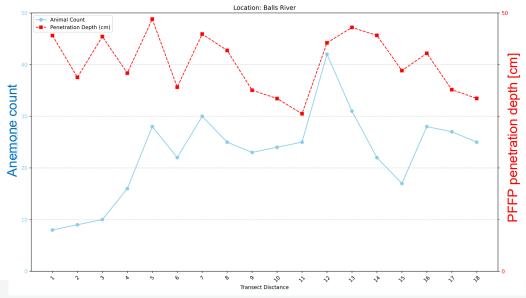


 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 2: Sydney, NS, CAN



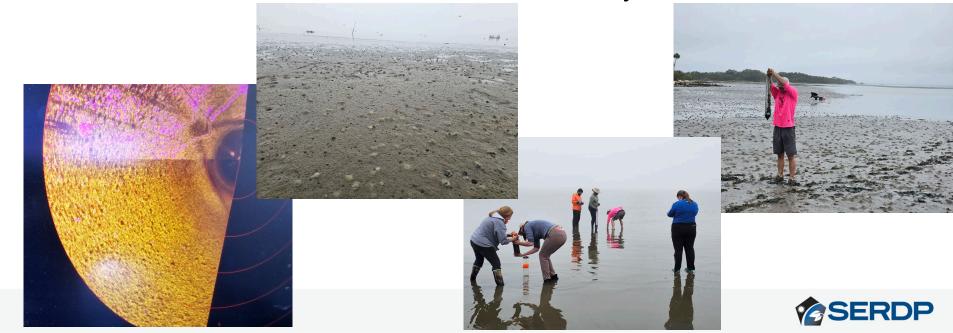


 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 2: Sydney, NS, CAN

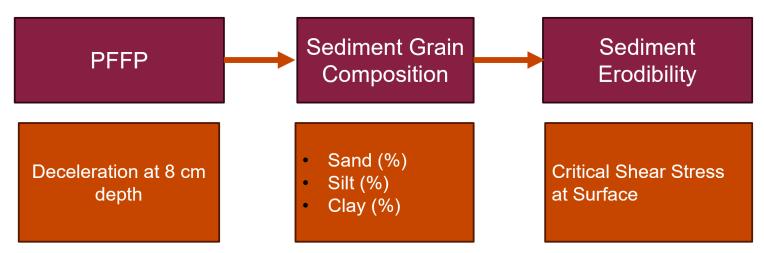




 Task 2: Investigate and integrate benthic biogenic processes in SBT classification – Data Collection 3: Cedar Key, FL



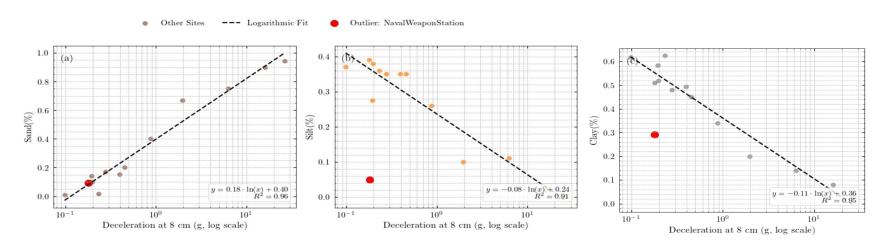
 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for seabed liquefaction



Rahman et al. (in prep.)



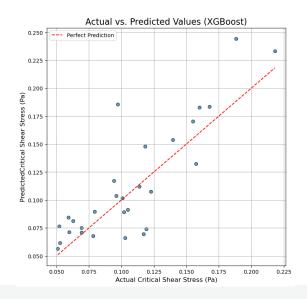
 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for seabed liquefaction



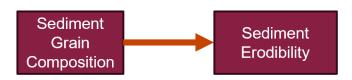
Rahman et al. (in prep.)



 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for seabed liquefaction



Comparison between Actual and Predicted Critical Shear Stress obtained using XGBoost



Rahman et al. (in prep.)



 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for <u>seabed liquefaction</u>



0.8km

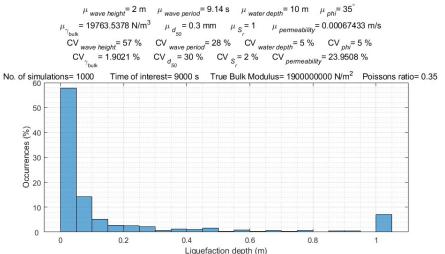


Shrestha et al. (in prep.)

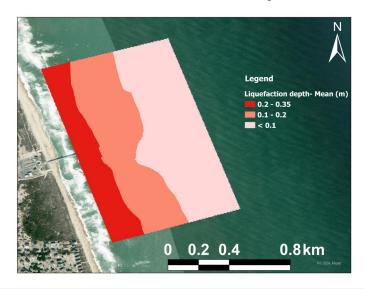
 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for <u>seabed liquefaction</u>

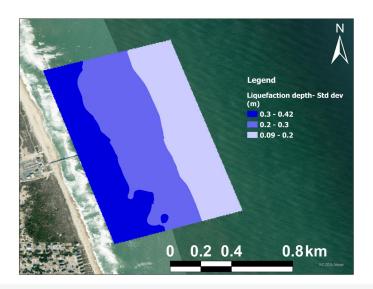
Study area	Statistics			
Parameters	μ	σ	CV	r
Grain size	-	-	30 %	NA
$H_{S}$	0.84 m	0.48 m	57.18 %	-0.134
$T_p$	9.14 s	2.58 s	28.27 %	
$\dot{h}$	-	-	5.5 %	NA
Sr	1	0.02	2 %	NA

#### Histogram of predicted liquefaction depth



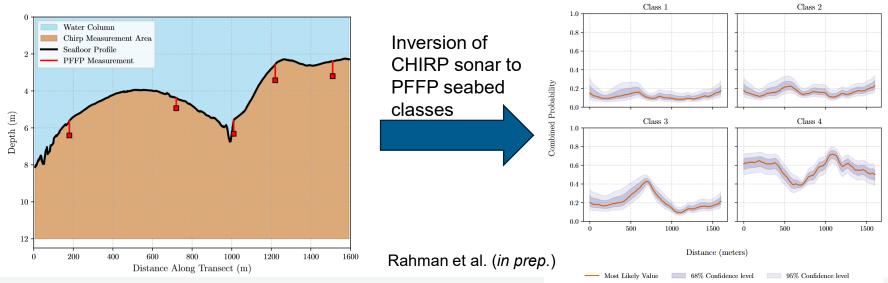
 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for <u>seabed liquefaction</u>



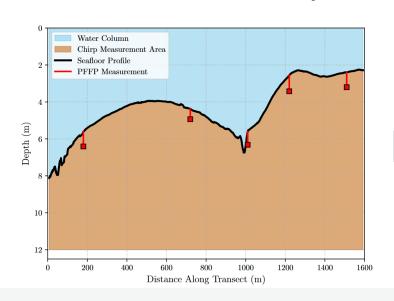


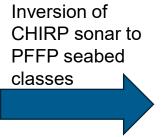
**SERDP** 

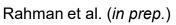
 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for seabed liquefaction

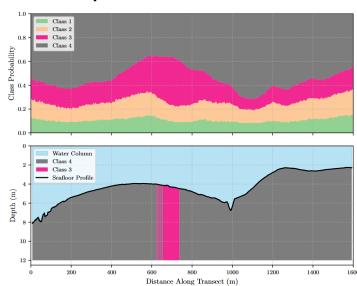


 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for seabed liquefaction



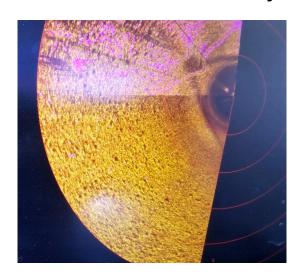








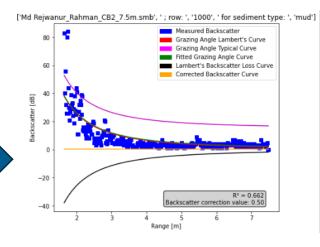
 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for seabed liquefaction



#### High-frequency side scan sonar

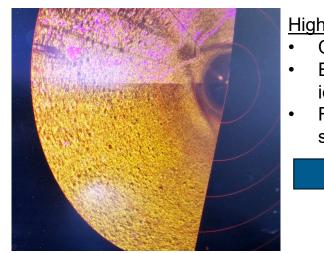
- Correct for range effects
- Extract deviations from an idealized Lambert's curve
- Relate those deviations to sediment type

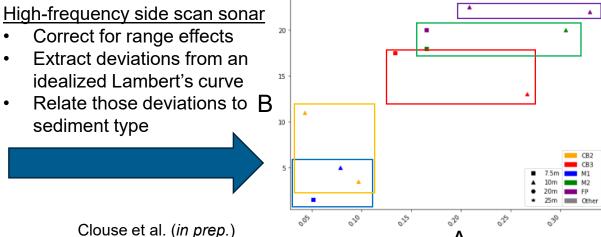
Clouse et al. (in prep.)





 Task 3: Correlate SBT classification to geoacoustic properties, sediment erodibility, and likelihood for seabed liquefaction







2 Factors affecting curve fittings

- Task 4: Develop strategies to implement SBT classification into UXO risk assessment (using UnMES)
  - Deterministic vs. probabilistic approach: both demonstrated and possible
  - Probabilistic 4 (or more classes) approach provides soil behavior classification with soil behavior class ranges as well as uncertainty based on limited data requirements
  - Biological aspects can influence soil properties on relevant scale but are temporally complex and spatially to some degree "random"



# **Next Steps**

- Complete data analysis from Cedar Key, FL experiment
- Complete synthesis, summary, and dissemination of results in tasks 2-3
- Complete task 4 Develop pathway to integrate classification framework into UnMES (or other UXO risk assessment and management framework)
- SERDP Symposium 2025 poster
- Final Report



# **Technology Transfer**

- Automated portable free fall penetrometer processing routine.
- Seabed classification framework including the major geomechanical processes affecting UXO risk assessment and management.
- Geotechnical data sets of different sites are available to other performers and managers.
- Modified approaches to relate geoacoustic data to geotechnical seabed properties
- Novel/modified to classify likelihood for seabed erodibility/liquefaction from rapid penetrometer testing
- SERDP webinar



### Issues

- Delays which resulted from changes in personnel were solved and we have almost fully caught up with the project.
- A at no-cost extension was requested and approved with revised final report due date December 15, 2025.





### **BACKUP MATERIAL**

These charts are required, but will only be briefed if questions arise.

# 21-1265: Rapid soil classification and integration of soil characteristics for UXO site characterization and risk assessment

#### Performers:

- Adrian Rodriguez-Marek (Virginia Tech)
- Nina Stark (University of Florida, previously: Virginia Tech)
- Grace Massey, Carl Friedrichs (Virginia Institute for Marine Sciences)
- Kelly Dorgan (Dauphin Island Sea Lab)

#### **Technology Focus**

 Seabed characterization and classification from portable free fall penetrometers with special attention to benthic biogenic processes, sediment dynamics, and impacts on geo-acoustics and UXO site management

#### **Research Objectives**

- Develop a soil behavior classification scheme based on portable free fall penetrometer measurements;
- Identify effects of benthic biogenic processes on geotechnical soil properties and integrate these
  effects in the soil classification scheme;
- Identify and quantify the impacts of the different soil classes on acoustic UXO detection and classification methods, on erodibility estimates, and on susceptibility to soil liquefaction processes;
- Develop strategies to implement the effects of soil classes into UXO risk assessment with UnMES.

#### **Project Progress and Results**

- Completion of the collection of field data sets (Sequim Bay; York River; Sydney, NS)
- Assembly of a "living" database
- · Automation of portable free fall penetrometer processing and classification
- · Relating of infaunal activity with geotechnical properties and portable free fall penetrometer readings

#### **Technology Transition**

- The soil behavior classification framework will be published and accessible to any potential user.
- The development of a pathway towards the integration into UnMES will be the first step to transition the soil behavior classification framework into application for UXO risk and site assessment.









# Plain Language Summary

- The detection, classification, and remediation of military munitions found at underwater sites of varying environmental conditions need innovative ideas and techniques for rapid site characterization.
- Portable free fall penetrometers (PFFP) are a recognized tool for rapid seabed site characterization, but more research is needed to relate these data to relevant geomechanical processes and simplify data interpretation.
- This project addresses this need by developing a userfriendly seabed classification framework with focus on PFFP data collection and relevant geomechanical processes.



## Impact to DoD Mission

- Geomechanical seabed processes of significant concern to underwater UXO risk assessment and site management were related to four main seabed sediment classes.
- This simplifies and facilitates geotechnical site characterization for UXO management, decision making, and response.





### **Action Items**

- Task 2.4: Laboratory testing complete
- Task 2.5: Integration into soil classification complete
- Task 3.3: Correlations to liquefaction due Aug 31, 2025
- Task 3.4: Integration of correlations into classification complete
- Task 4: Pathways to integration to risk assessment due Oct 31, 2025
- Final report due Dec 15, 2025



### **Publications**

- Stark, N., Rodriguez-Marek, A., Massey, G., Friedrichs, C., and Dorgan, K. (2021). Rapid soil classification and integration of soil characteristics for UXO site characterization and risk assessment. Poster and oral presentation presented at *SERDP/ESTCP Symposium 2021*, virtual, Nov 29- Dec 3, 2021.
- Jaber, R., & Stark, N. (2022). Towards seabed penetrometer and chirp sonar measurements. *Cone Penetration Testing CPT'22*, Bologna, Italy, June 8-10, 2022.
- Hunstein, E., Stark, N., Massey, G., & Brilli, N. (2022). SERDP Sequim Bay Survey Report. Internal report provided to SERDP MR leadership and collaborators
- Stark, N., Jaber, R., Smith, L., Massey, G., & Calantoni, J. (2022) Relating fine-grained sediment consolidation to acoustic seabed surveying. *Acoustical Society of America (ASA) meeting*, Denver, CO, May 23-27, 2022.
- Stark, N., Rodriguez-Marek, A., Massey, G., Friedrichs, C., and Dorgan, K. (2021). Rapid soil classification and integration of soil characteristics for UXO site characterization and risk assessment. Poster and oral presentation presented at SERDP/ESTCP Symposium 2021, Arlington, VA, Nov 29- Dec 2, 2023. SERDP MR Project of the Year Award.
- Moore, J., Stark N., Massey, G., Friedrichs, C., Dorgan, K., Rodriguez-Marek, A., Cox, C., Rahman, M.R., & Hunstein, E. (2023).
   Investigating the relationship between geotechnical seabed properties and erodibility. *Coastal Sediments 2023*, New Orleans, LA, April 11-15, 2023. Student poster award
- Cox, C., Dorgan, K., Stark, N., Massey, G., Friedrichs, C. (2023). Influence of biogenic processes on seabed properties in the York River Estuary, Chesapeake Bay. *Coastal Sediments 2023*, New Orleans, LA, April 11-15, 2023.
- Rahman, M.R., Hunstein, E., Rodriguez-Marek, A., Stark, N., Massey, G., Friedrichs, C., Dorgan, K., & Cox, C. Probabilistics Soil Characterization Based On Portable Free Fall Penetrometer Measurements. In *Coastal Sediments 2023: The Proceedings of the Coastal Sediments 2023*, 2398-2407, 2023.



### **Publications**

- Hunstein, E., Stark, N., & Rodriguez-Marek, A. Automatization of seabed impact selection for a portable free fall penetrometer. ASCE
   Journal of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Engineering, 149(12), 06023008, 2023. https://doi.org/10.1061/JGGEFK.GTENG-1155
- Jaber, R., & Stark, N. Geotechnical properties from portable free fall penetrometer in coastal environments. *ASCE Journal of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Engineering*, 149(12), 2023. https://doi.org/10.1061/JGGEFK.GTENG-11013
- Rahman, M.R., Rodriguez-Marek, A., & Stark, N. Probabilistic sediment characterization based on portable free fall penetrometer measurements using a Bayesian neural network. 9th International SUT Offshore Site Investigation and Geotechnics Conference 2023, London, UK, September 12-14, 2023. Student poster competition finalist
- Cox, C. *Influence on infaunal community structure on surficial sediment properties.* **MS thesis** submitted to the University of Southern Alabama, 2023.
- Stark, N., Dorgan, K., Billi, N.C., & Frey, M.R. Observations of surficial seabed sediment strength and local infauna in sandy parts of Mobile Bay. *Acta Geotechnica, Special Issue on Bio-inspired Geotechnics, 19,* 1251-1265, 2024. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/s11440-024-02241-y">https://doi.org/10.1007/s11440-024-02241-y</a>
- Jaber, R., Stark, N., Sarlo, R., McNinch, J., & Massey G.M. Relating geotechnical sediment properties and low frequency chirp sonar measurements. *Remote Sensing*, *16*(2), 241, 2024. <a href="https://doi.org/10.3390/rs16020241">https://doi.org/10.3390/rs16020241</a>
- Rahman, M.R., Rodriguez-Marek, A., Stark, N., Massey, G., Friedrichs, C., & Dorgan, K., Probabilistic Classification of Near-surface Shallow-water Sediments using a Portable Free-Fall Penetrometer. In press for: *ASCE Journal of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Engineering*, 2025.
- Shrestha, S., Stark, N., Green, B., & Stilwell, D., A probabilistic approach for spatial scour burial prediction. In review with: ASCE Journal of Waterway, Port, Coastal, and Ocean Engineering.
- Cox, C.E., Dorgan, K.M., Stark, N., Rodriguez-Marek, A., Massey, G., Friedrichs, C., & Rahman, M.R. Influence of infaunal community structure on sediment physical properties. In review with: *Estuaries and Coasts*



### **Publications**

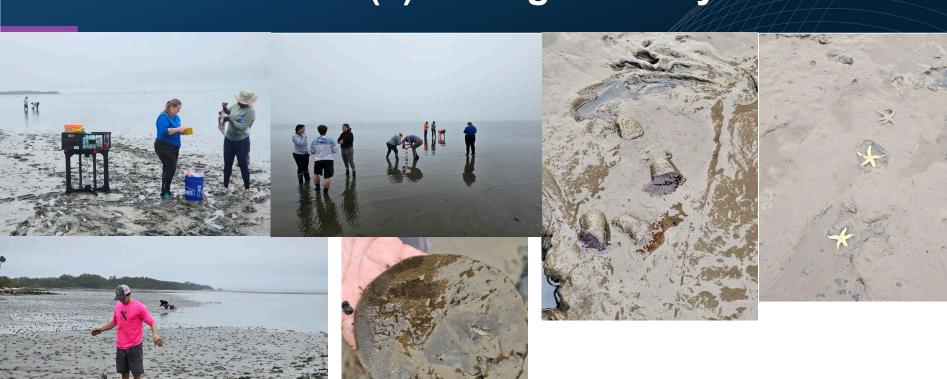
Four more journal publications and an abstract for the SERDP/ESTCP Symposium 2025 are in preparation



## **Literature Cited**



# Additional Slide(s) for High-Quality Photos





# **Acronym List**

PFFP – Portable free fall penetrometer UXO – unexploded ordnance

